

Expedition Training Framework – Bronze

How to deliver expedition training

Training sessions are best taught outdoors, although some aspects can be taught indoors during cold weather, over the winter. Outdoor training sessions, days and overnight camping are used to gauge and refine a team's competence and strengths whilst also identifying areas for improvement. They are great for team building and allowing teams to experience a more prolonged outdoor expedition experience.

The training plan for a DofE team should be a progressive process with skills being acquired on training sessions and then practised in the outdoor environment until participants are capable of carrying out the skills without support or adult intervention.

DofE Training Resources can be found on our website.

Who can deliver training?

Expedition training, at all levels, must be delivered by a competent adult as defined by the Licensed Organisation's or Approved Activity Provider's offsite visits (or equivalent) and safeguarding policies and approved by the DofE Manager.

We would recommend Leaders to attend a DofE Expedition Skills course or have a relevant National Governing Body qualification.

Verifying competence

The DofE Leader must mark the training as complete on eDofE, once the Expedition Supervisor is satisfied the participants have evidenced the required competence. It is important to note that the Licensed Organisation or Approved Activity Provider is responsible for ensuring all participants are adequately trained and safe to complete a remotely supervised qualifying expedition.

The Training Framework

1. First aid and emergency procedures

Training is based on the current edition of the Authorised Manual of St John Ambulance, St. Andrew's Ambulance Association or The British Red Cross.

Before starting their qualifying expedition, participants must understand and demonstrate:	Suggested delivery methods
Knowing what to do in the case of an	Role play, including practising first aid
accident or emergency.	scenarios in an outdoor environment.
Summoning help, e.g. what people need to	
know, telephoning for help, written	Using online resources to support sessions
message.	(e.g. http://www.sja.org.uk/sja/school-
Resuscitation; checking the airway,	resources/a-z-of-teaching-courses/dofe-
breathing and circulation.	expedition-first-aid.aspx and

The treatment of blisters, cuts, abrasions, minor burns and scalds, headaches, insect bites, sunburn, and splinters.	sja.org.uk/sja/schools/a-z-of-all-first-aid-modules.aspx).
The recognition of more serious conditions such as sprains, strains, dislocations, and broken limbs.	Putting together their first aid kits as a team.
Recognition and treatment of hypothermia and heatstroke.	
The treatment of wounds and bleeding.	
Treatment for shock.	Please note: the LO or AAP is
Getting help, self-help and waiting for help to arrive, keeping safe and warm, and helping people to find you.	responsible for approving adults to deliver first aid training. However, the DofE would recommend training be delivered by an individual with a current first aid qualification that covers the elements within this framework.

2. An awareness of risk and health and safety issues

Before starting their qualifying expedition, participants must understand and demonstrate:	Suggested delivery methods
Appropriate expedition fitness for their planned expedition.	Plan a fitness programme which will peak just before the expedition. It should start two or three months before this.
How to identify and avoid hazards.	Participants could use the NHS fitness plan.
The importance of keeping together and telling people where you are going.	Practise carrying a full rucksack and walking for a similar duration as required on
Weather forecasts – knowing how, where and when to obtain weather forecasts, relating weather forecasts to observed conditions, and looking for signs which indicate changes in the weather.	one day of their qualifying expedition. Met Office weather information

3. Navigation and route planning

The 1:25 000 scale Explorer maps – available for the whole of England, Scotland and Wales and parts of Northern Ireland – should be used for expeditions on foot as they make instruction and learning easier. They show the field boundaries, making it easier to locate precisely the footpaths, tracks and lanes used for travel in this type of country. Participants using other modes of transport may also need to be familiar with 1:50 000 scale Landranger maps.

3a. Preparatory map skills

Before planning their qualifying expedition, participants must understand and demonstrate:	Suggested delivery methods
The use of 1:25 000 Explorer or the relevant maps in Northern Ireland and	Participants planning and executing practice routes in their local environment.
abroad.	practice routes in their local environment.
Map direction.	OS resources
Scale and distance, measuring distance,	
distance and time.	
Conventional signs.	
Marginal information.	
Grid references.	

3b. Practical map skills

Before starting their qualifying expedition, participants must understand and demonstrate:	Suggested delivery methods
How to set the map.	As above (including preparing and using a
Locating their position from the map.	Route Card).
How to determine geographical direction	
and direction of travel from the map.	
Checking the direction of paths using the	
set map.	
Identifying features in the countryside by	
using the map.	
Locating features marked on the map in the	
countryside.	
How to plan a route and prepare a simple	
route card.	
Following a planned route.	

3c. Compass skills

The introduction of the compass at Bronze level should be at a basic level.

Before starting their qualifying expedition, participants must understand and demonstrate:	Suggested delivery methods
How to 'look after' their compass.	Using their compass on practice walks (in
Direction from the compass in terms of the	similar terrain to their qualifying expedition).
cardinal and the four intercardinal points.	
Setting the map by the compass.	
Finding a direction.	

4. Campcraft, equipment and hygiene

Before starting their qualifying expedition, participants must	Suggested delivery methods
understand and demonstrate:	
How to choose suitable clothing, footwear and emergency equipment and know how to use it.	Practise using their equipment either during training walks or an overnight camp.
Choosing and caring for camping gear.	Review afterwards what they
Packing a rucksack (or, for waterborne expeditions, a suitable waterproof	would/wouldn't use next time.
container), waterproofing the contents and always keeping the weight down to a minimum (about a quarter of the body	Completing an overnight camp with their expedition team.
weight when walking).	Read the advice in the DofE's Expedition
Rucksack safe lifting technique.	Kit Guide
Choosing a campsite, arrangements for	
water, cooking and sanitation, refuse	
disposal, and fire precautions.	
Pitching and striking tents.	

5. Food and cooking

Before starting their Qualifying Expedition, participants must understand and demonstrate:	Suggested delivery methods
Cooking and the use of stoves.	Cooking a team meal using stoves as part
Safety procedures and precautions which	of a training day walk or overnight camp.
must be observed when using stoves and	
handling fuels.	Stove safety instructions
That they can follow the stove safety	
instructions.	
Cooking substantial meals as a team under	
camp conditions	

6. Countryside, Highway and Water Sports Safety Codes

Before starting their qualifying expedition, participants must understand and demonstrate:	Suggested delivery methods
The spirit and content of the Countryside	Discuss rules around behaviour when on
Code. The avoidance of noise and disturbance to	training walks (littering, interacting with local people/other walkers, livestock, leaving no
rural communities.	trace, etc.).
Thorough knowledge of the Highway Code with special emphasis on specific modes of travel, such as horse riding or cycling, if	Create a 'code of behaviour' as a team prior to the qualifying expedition.
they are to be utilised during the expedition. If undertaking a water-based expedition, a	Resources:
thorough knowledge of the Water Sports	the Countryside Code and the
Safety Code.	DofE's Countryside Care posters

7. Observation recording and presentations

Before planning their qualifying expedition, participants must understand and demonstrate:	Suggested delivery methods
How to choose an expedition aim.	
Observation skills and different methods of	
recording information.	
Skills relevant to the method of	
presentation.	
Researching relevant information.	

8. Team building

The Expedition section involves participants working together as a team to complete an expedition. Team-building exercises should permeate all expedition training so that when a group of participants set out on their qualifying expedition, they're able to work together as an effective and cohesive unit.

9. Proficiency in the mode of travel

Cycling

- Training to the three levels of the National Standard for Cycle Training, or an equivalent level of competence, to gain the basic skills and cycle maintenance experience and training programmes appropriate to the environment which the participant is cycling in.
- Understanding the spirit and content of the responsible cycling and code of behaviour guidance and have a thorough knowledge of the Mountain Bike Code.
- · Maintenance and repair of the bicycle.

- · Loading a bicycle with equipment.
- Handling a loaded bicycle.
- The skills associated with off-road cycling as appropriate.

Horse riding

The horse-riding expedition training syllabus is set out in the DofE Training Framework for horseback expeditions.

Expeditions on water

Training should be directed towards the completion of a journey on water and not restricted to the skills of handling the craft. It must be concerned with any potential hazards associated with the water on which the expedition will take place, as well as infections or health concerns related to any possible water pollution. Participants must be able to swim a distance of at least 25 metres in light clothing without any buoyancy aid and be competent and confident in the relevant capsize and recovery drill and man overboard drill.

All participants must:

- Wear appropriate buoyancy aids or lifejackets. Exceptions may be made, with the approval of the Licensed Organisation, for rowing expeditions on canals and rivers, and for sculling craft where traditionally, by custom and practice, life jackets are not usually worn, except on the instruction of the Cox.
- Wear suitable clothing and footwear.
- Be able to recognise and treat hypothermia/hyperthermia.
- Understand the Water Sports Safety Code.
- Be able to administer resuscitation on and in the water, as well as adjacent to it.
- All craft must have adequate buoyancy and be sound, suitable and fitted out for the conditions in which they are to be used. A suitable repair kit must be carried and participants should be trained in its use.

Canoeing

All participants must be adequately trained to the requirements for paddle expeditions as set out in the DofE's *Expedition Guide*. All participants must undergo training based on the Training Framework – core paddling skills.

Rowing

All participants must complete training based on the Training Framework for boat work. Licensed Organisations may direct their participants to undergo training based on the training schemes of the Sea Cadets, Scouts or Girlguiding UK.

Sailing - dinghies and open keelboats

All participants must be adequately trained to the requirements of the Training Framework for sailing expeditions. Participants should follow their Licensed Organisation's guidance on any required level of RYA training or equivalent.

Sailing – yachts, multihulls and sail training vessels

All participants must be adequately trained to the requirements of the Training Framework for sailing expeditions. Participants should follow their Licensed Organisation's guidance on any required level of RYA training. The DofE recommends that all participants doing sailing expeditions complete RYA Seamanship as a minimum. It is common for participants to complete Day Skipper when doing expeditions in coastal and open sea environments.